Unit 5: Mother Nature (Poem by Emily Dickinson)

40 MCQs. Correct option in bold. 1 mark each.

1. "Mother Nature" is a poem by
A. Emily Dickinson B. Robert Frost
C. Langston Hughes D. William Wordsworth

2. In the poem, Nature is described as
A. a harsh teacher B. a stranger
C. the gentlest mother D. a cruel ruler

3. In the poem Nature is "impatient of no child", which means she
A. is angry with every child **B. is patient with all her children**
C. ignores her children D. punishes the weak

4. In the poem, Nature restrains the rampant squirrel and the
A. gentle deer B. silent fish
C. sleepy owl **D. impetuous bird**

5. The "minutest cricket" and the "unworthy flower" offer
A. a timid prayer B. a loud song
C. a warning D. a gift

6. Nature wills silence everywhere with her
A. heavy hand **B. golden finger on her lip**
C. loud voice D. angry look

7. The "golden finger on her lip" suggests Nature's role as one who
A. ignores everyone B. punishes children
C. gently calls for silence and peace D. shouts for attention

8. The mood of the poem is
A. angry and violent B. sad and hopeless
C. fearful and tense **D. gentle, warm and peaceful**

9. "Admonition" means
A. praise B. reward
C. gentle reproof or warning D. gift

10. "Aisles" are
A. gardens **B. passages between rows of seats**
C. windows D. rooms

11. "Minutest" means
A. extremely small or insignificant B. largest
C. loudest D. oldest

12. "Assembly" means
A. a lamp
B. a single person
C. a prayer
D. a gathering of people for a particular purpose

13. "Silence" means
A. music **B. absence of sound; stillness**
C. singing D. loud noise

14. A metaphor is
A. repetition of the same sound
B. a comparison using like or as
C. giving human qualities to objects
D. an implied comparison between two unlike things

15. "The apple of my eye" refers to someone
A. greatly admired or loved B. foolish
C. strange D. disliked

16. Which sentence contains a metaphor?
A. She sells seashells.
B. He ran as fast as a deer.
C. Time is a thief stealing moments from our lives.
D. The news spread like wildfire.

17. "Her voice was music to his ears" is a
A. alliteration B. oxymoron
C. simile **D. metaphor**

18. Personification is
A. comparing with like or as
B. giving human qualities to non-human things
C. exaggerating
D. repeating the same sound

19. Which sentence has personification?
A. The wind whispered secrets through the trees.
B. Time is money.
C. Peter Piper picked peppers.
D. He is as brave as a lion.

20. Which phrase is an example of alliteration?
A. Quiet night B. Brave man
C. Fishing fleet D. Cheerful cop

21. "Sally sells seashells by the seashore" repeats the _____ sound.
A. p B. b C. t **D. s**

22. Which is alliteration?
A. The busy bees buzzed around the blooming flowers.
B. The flowers nodded.
C. The sun is hot.
D. He ran quickly.

23. A transitive verb
A. never takes an object **B. needs an object to complete its meaning**
C. is always a helping verb D. is always in the past

24. In "The dog chased the cat", the verb "chased" is
A. intransitive B. modal
C. transitive D. linking only

25. In "The river flowed swiftly", the verb "flowed" is
A. modal **B. intransitive**
C. transitive D. passive

26. In "He wrote a letter", the object is
A. He B. wrote a C. wrote **D. a letter**

27. Which sentence pattern does a transitive verb follow?
A. Subject + Verb + Object B. Verb + Subject
C. Subject + Verb only D. Object + Subject

28. Fill in: "The cat jumped _____ the table."
A. although B. because **C. onto** D. while

29. Fill in: "The train travels _____ the tunnel."
A. because **B. through** C. and D. although

30. Fill in: "The kids ran _____ the school bus."
A. after B. if C. and D. because

31. In active voice, the subject
A. is always a pronoun B. receives the action
C. is missing **D. performs the action**

32. The passive voice is formed with
A. base verb only
B. present participle only
C. auxiliary verb + past participle (+ by + agent)
D. modal + base only

33. The passive of "The cat chased the mouse" is
A. The mouse is chasing the cat. **B. The mouse was chased by the cat.**
C. The cat was chased by the mouse. D. The mouse chased the cat.

34. The passive of "She will complete the assignment" is
A. The assignment will be completed by her. B. The assignment was completed by her.
C. The assignment will complete her. D. The assignment is completed by her.

35. The passive of "They have cancelled the event" is
A. The event was cancelled by them. B. The event have been cancelled.
C. The event has cancelled them. **D. The event has been cancelled by them.**

36. The active of "The door was opened by John" is
A. The door opened John. B. John opens the door.
C. John opened the door. D. John was opening the door.

37. "The teacher explained the lesson" is in the
A. passive voice **B. active voice**
C. future tense D. conditional

38. To ask politely for directions, one could say
A. Excuse me, could you please help me? B. Where is the road, fool?
C. Move aside. D. Tell me the road now!

39. A poem summary should identify the poem's theme, tone and
A. publisher B. paper type
C. number of pages **D. key literary devices**

40. In "The Road Not Taken", the speaker chooses the road

A. most traveled by
B. back home
C. less traveled by
D. ending in a town